

**Articles of Association and Bylaws of
the Indonesian Students Association
in
Australia**

(Congressional Amendment XXVIII)

Disclosure

We Indonesian students studying in Australia realize that the development of the nation and state of Indonesia is in the hands of the Indonesian people themselves.

In order to achieve the goals of the Indonesian nation and state as stated in the preamble to the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia, we Indonesian students in Australia must study seriously and help each other for the common good according to our respective abilities and expertise.

This ideal can be achieved if Indonesian students in Australia are able to develop their abilities through continuous honing and reasoning accompanied by a sense of noble moral responsibility and intellectual courage that is not subject to materialistic values or position and adheres firmly to essential truth for the sake of achieving shared prosperity.

By the grace of God Almighty and the awareness of taking responsibility in the life of the nation and state, we Indonesian students in Australia have agreed to unite in a forum based on Pancasila called the Indonesian Students Association in Australia.

To achieve the above objectives, Articles of Association and Bylaws are drawn up.

Articles of Association of PPI Australia

CHAPTER I

Name, Position, Period, Characteristics and Symbol of the Organisation

Article 1

This organisation is called Perhimpunan Pelajar Indonesia di Australia, abbreviated as PPI Australia, and translated into English as " The Indonesian Students Association in Australia."

Article 2

PPI Australia is based in places throughout Australia where Indonesian students study.

Article 3

PPI Australia was established in Canberra on 13 March 1981 and will last for an indefinite period.

Article 4

PPI Australia is open, independent, non-profit, social, and academic, rooted in the spirit of brotherhood and Indonesian unity and integrity.

Article 5

The PPI Australia symbol is as follows:



The meaning of the PPI Australia logo is as follows:

- a. The puzzle piece in the shape of Australia represents the 8 (eight) branches of the state as one unit
- b. The red puzzle colour symbolises enthusiasm and courage.
- c. The basic colour white symbolises student honesty and integrity.
- d. The red and white colours symbolise the national flag of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

CHAPTER II

Definitions

Article 6

Unless otherwise specified, the definitions used in the Articles of Association and Bylaws have the following meanings:

1. The Central PPI Australia is the Indonesian Students Association in Australia at the central level which is led by a general chairman (hereinafter referred to as "Centre").
2. The PPI Australia Chapter is the Indonesian Students Association at the state level in Australia, which is led by a chapter chairman (hereinafter referred to as "Chapter").
3. The PPI Australia Branch is the Indonesian Students Association in Australia at the educational institution level, which is led by a branch chairman (hereinafter referred to as "Branch").
4. Central PPI Australia, Chapter and Branch collectively are also known as PPI Australia.
5. Congress is the highest forum of PPI Australia, attended by official delegates from the Central, Chapters, Branches, and observers which is held 1 (one) time at the end of the management period.
6. Extraordinary Congress is an Australian PPI forum held on suspicion of violations of the Articles of Association and Bylaws and/or in circumstances deemed to be compelling/emergency, and it can be held based on the initiative of one legitimate chapter/branch supported by half plus 1 (one) from the number of chapters and branches.

7. The Chapter General Meeting is the highest forum at the state level, which is attended by representatives of the branches in that chapter and is held at least 1 (one) time in 1 (one) year.
8. An Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting is a Chapter General Meeting held on suspicion of a violation of the Articles of Association and Bylaws and/or in circumstances deemed to be compelling/emergency and can be held based on the initiative of one branch supported by half plus 1 (one) of the total Branches from local Chapters.
9. The Branch General Meeting is the highest forum at the Branch level which is attended by local Branch members and is held at least 1 (one) time in 1 (one) year.
10. An Extraordinary Branch General Meeting is a General Meeting of the Branch held in circumstances deemed compelling/emergency, based on a proposal from one of the Ordinary members supported by half plus one of the total members of the Branch.
11. Ordinary Members are every Indonesian student who has fulfilled the requirements to become a member of PPI Australia as regulated in the Bylaws.
12. An Extraordinary Member is any student with foreign citizenship who has fulfilled the requirements to become an extraordinary member of PPI Australia and has officially expressed his desire to become a member as regulated in the Bylaws.
13. An Honorary Member is any individual who has contributed to PPI Australia and/or Indonesia-Australia relations and is officially approved by the Central.

CHAPTER III

Principles and Sources of Organisational Law

Article 7

PPI Australia is an organisation based on Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia.

Article 8

1. The sources of PPI Australia law are as follows (in order from highest):
 - a. PPI Australia's Articles of Association and Bylaws (hereinafter referred to as 'AD/ART');
 - b. Congressional Decree/Extraordinary Congress;
 - c. Decision of the General Chairman;
 - d. Decisions on Chapter General Meetings/Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings;
 - e. Decision of the Chapter Chair;
 - f. Decisions on Branch General Meetings/Extraordinary Branch General Meetings; and
 - g. Decision of Branch Chairman.

2. If in the future there are provisions and/or decisions and/or policies that conflict with the legal sources of the PPI Australia as referred to in point (1), then the provisions and/or decisions and/or policies are deemed invalid.

CHAPTER IV

Organisational Aims and Scope

Article 9

This organisation aims to:

1. Protect the reputation of the nation and the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia and also always attempt to make a positive contribution to the country and state;
2. Create and develop a sense of brotherhood among Indonesian students in Australia;
3. Create and develop internal and external collaboration for the benefit of Indonesian students and organisations;
4. Create and develop educational, social, and cultural activities, respect for human rights and democracy that are beneficial for Indonesian students and organisations;
5. Facilitate student participation in national and international activities that benefit Indonesian students and organisations.

Article 10

The scope of the organisation's activities includes:

1. Activities that increase the sense of brotherhood and kinship among students in the Academic Community and Community in Indonesia, Australia and the world.
2. Contribute energy and thoughts, including carrying out academic activities, moral movements and issuing stance statements, for the interests of the Indonesian nation and state;
3. Maintain and improve bilateral relations between Indonesia and Australia;
4. Become a forum for developing the potential of Indonesian students; and
5. Other activities do not contradict the organisation's aims and Articles of Association and Bylaws.

CHAPTER V

Membership

Article 11

PPI Australia membership is inclusive and voluntary.

Article 12

PPI Australia members consist of:

- a. Ordinary Member: every Indonesian student who has fulfilled the requirements to become a member of PPI Australia as regulated in the Bylaws.
- b. Extraordinary Member: every student with foreign citizenship who has met the requirements to become an extraordinary member of PPI Australia and has officially expressed his desire to become a member as regulated in the Bylaws.
- c. Honorary Member: every individual who has contributed to PPI Australia and/or Indonesia-Australia relations as well as is officially approved by the Central.

CHAPTER VI

Organisational Structure

Article 13

The organisational structure of PPI Australia consists of:

- a. The central is led by a General Chairman or President of the Indonesian Students Association in Australia;
- b. The chapter is led by a Chapter Chairman or President of The Indonesian Students Association in Australia Chapter;
- c. The branch is led by a Branch Chairman or President of the Indonesian Students Association in Australia Branch.

Article 14

In carrying out its activities, the Center, Chapters and Branches will always coordinate based on the following:

- a. Balance of authority and independence;
- b. Consultative working relationship.

Article 15

1. Only one chapter can be established at the state level.
2. Only one branch can be formed in one educational institution.

CHAPTER VII

Centre, Chapter and Branch Functions

Article 16

Centre

Apart from carrying out the provisions of the Congress/Extraordinary Congress, the Central also coordinates with the Chapters and Branches regarding the implementation of the Articles of Association and Bylaws, the provisions of the Congress/Extraordinary Congress, the decisions of the General Chairman, and other activities agreed upon by the Central, Chapters, and Branches.

Article 17

Chapter

The Chapter is a part of PPI Australia, which functions to coordinate the Branch in relation to the implementation of the Articles of Association and Bylaws, Congress/Extraordinary Congress decisions, decisions of the General Chairman, decisions of the Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting, decisions of the Chapter Chairman, and other activities agreed by Chapters and Branches.

Article 18

Branch

The branch is part of PPI Australia, which functions to oversee its members and implement the Articles of Association and Bylaws, Congress/Extraordinary Congress decisions, decisions of the General Chairman, decisions of Chapter General Meetings/Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings, decisions of Chapter Chairman, decisions of Branch General Meetings/ Extraordinary Branch General Meetings, and decisions of the Branch Chairman.

CHAPTER VIII

Authority

Article 19

Central Authority

The Center has the authority to:

- a. Carrying out activities and conducting external relations in line with Article 8 of these Articles of Association, which are cross-state, strategic, national and international;
- b. Confirm Honorary Members;
- c. Authorise the formation of a new Chapter;
- d. Providing technical assistance and facilitating the resolution of disputes related to Indonesian students that occur at the Chapter through mediation mechanisms upon request and/or by taking their initiative.
- e. If the mediation process is unsuccessful in resolving the dispute, the General Chairman can decide to resolve the dispute;
- f. Determine PPI Australia representatives at events at national and international levels;
- g. The position statement issued by the Central management must be communicated to the Chapter management;
- h. A position statement can be considered to represent PPI Australia if at least 5 (five) of the 8 (eight) Chapters and Central approve.

Article 20
Chapter Authority

The chapter has the authority to:

- a. Carrying out projects and conducting external relations in line with Article 8 of the Articles of Association;
- b. Proposing names of prospective Honorary Members;
- c. Validate the formation of new Branches;
- d. Providing technical assistance and facilitating the resolution of disputes related to Indonesian students that occur at the Branch through mediation mechanisms after being requested and/or by taking their initiative;
- e. If the mediation process is unsuccessful in resolving the dispute, the Chapter Chairman can decide to resolve the dispute; and
- f. Determine Branch representatives at events at the state level.

Article 21
Branch Authority

The branch has the authority to:

- a. Carrying out projects and conducting external relations in line with Article 8 of the Articles of Association;
- b. Proposing names of prospective Honorary Members;
- c. Appoint Ordinary Members and Extraordinary Members;
- d. Determine and collect membership fees; and
- e. Affiliate with student organisations at local educational institutions.

CHAPTER IX

Formation and Freezing of Chapters and Branches

Article 22

Chapter Establishment

1. To establish a Chapter, there must be at least more than 1 (one) Branch in that state unless there is only 1 (one) Branch.
2. The procedures and requirements for establishing a Chapter will be further regulated in the Bylaws.

Article 23

Freezing of Chapter

1. A chapter is considered frozen by the Central if the management of the Chapter does not submit an accountability report and/or does not have a new management within 90 (ninety) days after the end of the current management period.
2. When a Chapter is considered frozen, that Chapter does not have voting rights at the Congress/Extraordinary Congress.
3. Reactivation of a Chapter can only be carried out with approval from the Centre.

Article 24

Branch Establishment

1. To form a Branch, there must be at least 10 (ten) prospective members with a minimum of 7 (seven) regular members.
2. The procedures and requirements for establishing a Branch will be further regulated in the Bylaws.

Article 25

Freezing of Branch

1. A Branch is considered frozen by the Chapter and approved by the Central if the management of the Branch does not submit an accountability report and/or does not have a new management within 90 (ninety) days after the end of the current management period.
2. When a Branch has been considered frozen, then the Branch does not have voting rights at the Congress/Extraordinary Congress, Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting.
3. Reactivation of the Branch can only be done with approval from the Chapter.

CHAPTER X

Deliberation

Article 26

The PPI Australian deliberations consist of 3 (three) levels, namely (in order from the highest):

- a. Congress/Extraordinary Congress
- b. Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting;
- c. Branch General Meeting/Extraordinary Branch General Meeting;
- d. Leadership meeting; and
- e. Meetings and/or other internal management meetings.

Article 27

Congress and Extraordinary Congress

The highest power in Australia is in the hands of Congress and the Extraordinary Congress as regulated by Article 6 paragraphs 5 and 6 of this AD/ART.

Article 28

Duties and Authorities of Congress/Extraordinary Congress

The duties and authorities of Congress/Extraordinary Congress are not limited to the following:

- a. Determine the agenda and rules of the Congress/Extraordinary Congress;
- b. Amending and ratifying AD/ART;
- c. Request an accountability report from the General Chairman;
- d. Receive or accept with notes or reject the General Chair's accountability report;
- e. Elect, appoint, assign and dismiss the General Chairman; and
- f. Determine the time and place of the next Congress.

Article 29

Duties and Authorities of Chapter General Meetings/Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings

The Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting has duties and authority which are not limited to the following matters:

- a. Determine the agenda and rules of the Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting;
- b. Request an accountability report from the Chapter Chairman;
- c. Receive or accept with notes or reject the Chapter Chairman's accountability report;
- d. Select, appoint, determine and dismiss the Chapter Chairman;
- e. Determine the time for holding the next Chapter General Meeting;
- f. Assign, freeze, and activate the Chapter with central approval of branch initiation or active members at that location.

Article 30

Duties and Authorities of Branch General Meetings/Extraordinary Branch General Meetings

The Branch General Meeting/Extraordinary Branch General Meeting has duties and authority which are not limited to the following matters:

- a. Determine the agenda and rules of the Branch General Meeting/Extraordinary Branch General Meeting;
- b. Request an accountability report from the Branch Chairman;
- c. Receive or accept with notes or reject the Branch Chairman's accountability report;
- d. Select, appoint, assign and dismiss the Branch Chair;
- e. Determine the time for holding the next Branch General Meeting; And
- f. Assign, freeze and activate Branches with Branch approval upon initiating active members in that location.

CHAPTER XI

Management

Article 31

Central Management

1. Central Management is comprised of at least the General Chairman, General Secretary, and General Treasurer.
2. If the General Chairman is temporarily absent, an interim General Chairman will be appointed by one of the central management and ratified by a Decree from the General Chairman.
3. If the General Chairman is unable to carry out his/her functions again, he/she will be replaced by a Central Management willing and hierarchically subordinate to the General Chairman (sequential opportunity starting from the highest), and an Extraordinary Congress will be held within 30 days at the latest.
4. Central management declared demissioned has an obligation during the transition period to provide consultative and technical guidance within a period of 30 (thirty) days after being declared demissioned.

Article 32

Chapter Management

1. The Chapter Management comprises at least the Chapter Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer.
2. If the Chapter Chairman is temporarily absent, an interim Chairman will be appointed by one of the Chapter Managers and ratified by a Decree from the Chapter Chair.
3. If the Chapter Chairman is unable to carry out his/her functions again, the Chapter Chairman will be replaced by a Chapter Manager who is willing and hierarchically subordinate to the Chapter Chair (sequential opportunities starting from the highest) no later than 30 days an Extraordinary General Chapter Meeting will be held. .
4. Chapter management that is declared demissioned has an obligation during the transition period to provide consultative and technical guidance within a period of 30 (thirty) days after being declared demissioned.

Article 33

Branch Management

1. The Branch Management comprises the Branch Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer.
2. If the Branch Chairman is temporarily absent, an interim Branch Chairman will be appointed from one of the Branch Managers and ratified through a Decree from the Branch Chairman.
3. If the Branch Chairman is unable to carry out his/her functions again, he/she will be replaced by a Branch Manager who is willing and hierarchically subordinate to the Branch Chairman (sequential opportunities starting from the highest). No later than 30 days, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Branch will be held.
4. Branch management that is declared demissioned has an obligation during the transition period to provide consultative and technical guidance within a period of 30 (thirty) days after being declared demissioned.

Article 34

Duties of the General Chairman/General Secretary/General Treasurer

1. The main task of the General Chairman is to lead the organisation's operation and carry out coordination and facilitation functions at cross-Chapter and/or Branch levels by conducting activities and assisting organisations at the Central, Chapter, and/or Branch levels.
2. The General Treasurer manages the organisation's financial income and expenditures, including keeping books of the organisation's financial flow.
3. The General Secretary's task is to carry out secretarial work, including creating and collecting data on letters, administrative management, and other needs related to the secretariat.

CHAPTER XII
Quorum and Decision Making

Article 35

Quorum

The quorum for the validity of PPI Australia's deliberations as stated in Article 26 of the Articles of Association to make decisions is if the forum:

- a. In the case of a Congress/Extraordinary Congress attended by a minimum of half plus 1 (one) of the total number of Chapters and Branches.
- b. In the event of a Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting being attended by a minimum of half plus 1 (one) of the total number of Branches from the local Branch.
- c. If there is only 1 (one) active Branch, the Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting can be initiated by that Branch.
- d. If the Branch General Meeting/Extraordinary Branch General Meeting is attended by a minimum of 7 (seven) Branch Members and/or half plus 1 (one) person from the number of registered Branch Members.
- e. If the number of members present at the General Meeting does not meet the quorum then the meeting is adjourned for 1 x 60 minutes and if the quorum does not still meet then the meeting is considered valid if approved by the Chapter.

Article 36
Decision Making

Decision-making is carried out by deliberation to reach consensus as far as possible. However, if deliberation to reach a consensus cannot be achieved, then decision-making will be taken based on the majority vote.

CHAPTER XIII

Finance

Article 37

1. Finance/funding sources for PPI Australia's activities are obtained from:
 - a. Membership fees, which can only be collected by the Branch.
 - b. Membership fees can be collected by Chapter that do not have Branches.
 - c. Membership fees can be collected by the Chapter from members who do not have branches.
 - d. Center, Chapter and Branch business results.
2. Contributions that are not binding and do not harm PPI Australia.
3. Financial expenditures are carried out by taking into account the principles of effectiveness, efficiency, accountability, transparency and organisational sustainability.

CHAPTER XIV

Administration

Article 38

1. The Branch reports in writing the plans and results of Branch activities to the Chapter at least once every 6 (six) months.
2. The Chapter reports in writing the plans and results of Chapter and Branch activities to the Center at least once in every 6 (six) months.
3. The Center informs in writing the plans and results of the Center's activities to Chapters and Branches at least 1 (one) time every 6 (six) months.
4. Ratification of Chapter Chairmans and Branch Chairmans as referred to in Article 19 paragraph (c) and Article 20 paragraph (c) will be further regulated in the organisation's implementation guidelines.

CHAPTER XV

Dissolution

Article 39

1. The dissolution of PPI Australia can only be carried out based on the provisions of Congress/Extraordinary Congress.
2. The dissolution of PPI Australia can only be carried out after all administrative issues and debts incurred for and on behalf of PPI Australia have been resolved.
3. In the event that PPI Australia is disbanded, all of the organisation's assets will be handed over to the body/institution determined by the Congress/Extraordinary Congress.

CHAPTER XVI

Articles of Association and Bylaws (AD/ART) Amendment

Article 40

1. Amendment proposals to the AD/ART Articles can only be put on the Congress agenda if they are proposed by at least ½ (half) of the Congress participants present and the Congress is attended by at least 2/3 (two-thirds) of the PPI Australia representatives.
2. The Chapter or Branch can submit a proposed amendment to the AD/ART by submitting in writing which part is proposed to be changed and the reasons.
3. To amend the AD/ART Articles, the proposal must be approved by at least 2/3 (two-thirds) of the entire Congress participants present.

CHAPTER XVII

Transition Rules

Article 41

1. The provisions and/or decisions that existed before the enactment of this AD/ART will remain in effect as long as these provisions and/or decisions do not conflict with this AD/ART.
2. Organisational forms and programs that existed prior to the enactment of this AD/ART and which do not conflict with the previous AD/ART will continue to be considered valid and can be implemented until a change in management in question occurs.

CHAPTER XVIII

Judicial Review

Article 42

1. The review is carried out within a period of 1x5 minutes to review the contents of the PPI Australia Articles of Association.

CHAPTER XIX

Closing

Article 43

1. All matters that have not been regulated in these Articles of Association will then be regulated in the Bylaws.
2. These amended Articles of Association of PPI Australia are effective from the date of stipulation.

Set an approx : 2:28 AEST
Set on date : Sabtu, 30 November 2024
Set in : Kongres PPIA 2024 via Daring (Zoom).

First Presidium

Second Presidium

Third Presidium

Muhammad Wildan Farroos

Yahya Zakaria

Erlangga

Bylaws of PPI Australia

CHAPTER I

Membership

Article 1

Membership Terms and Procedures

The terms and procedures to become a member of PPI Australia are to fulfil all the following terms and procedures:

1. Ordinary Member:
 - a. Indonesian citizens;
 - b. Registered as a student at an educational institution in Australia;
 - c. Register voluntarily to become an Ordinary Member at the educational institution where the person concerned is registered and/or selected by the person concerned with the knowledge and permission of the Branch where the person concerned is registered; and
 - d. Fulfill other requirements determined by the branch concerned;
 - e. If an educational institution does not have/has not yet formed a branch, then prospective members can register at the chapter in that state.
2. Extraordinary Member:
 - a. Foreign Citizens who are descendants of Indonesian Citizen;
 - b. Registered as a student at an educational institution in Australia;
 - c. Register voluntarily to become an Extraordinary Member of the educational institution where the person concerned is registered; and
 - d. Fulfill other requirements determined by the branch concerned.
 - e. If an educational institution does not have/has not yet formed a branch, prospective members can register with the branch chosen by the person concerned.

3. Honorary Member:

- a. Indonesian citizens or foreign nationals who have certain skills, expertise and authority who are deemed to be able to contribute to the progress of PPI Australia;
- b. Not registered as an Ordinary Member or Extraordinary Member; and
- c. Proposed by the Center, Branch or Branch and ratified by the Center.
- d. Nomination of honorary members by the Center must be approved by at least 5 of the 8 Chapters.
- e. Alumni who are actively involved in PPI Australia through Central approval.

Article 2
Member Rights

1. Ordinary Members have the right to:
 - a. Participate in activities held by the Center, Chapter or Branch;
 - b. Expressing an opinion;
 - c. Choose and be chosen; And
 - d. Defend themselves in giving an opinion.

2. Extraordinary Members have the right to:
 - a. Participate in activities held by the Center, Branch or Branch;
 - b. Expressing an opinion;
 - c. Choose and be chosen;
 - d. Nominate themselves as administrators other than chairmans at the chapter or branch level; and
 - e. Defend themselves in giving an opinion.

3. Honorary Member:
 - a. Participate in activities held by the Center, Chapter or Branch;
 - b. Expressing an opinion; and
 - c. Defend themselves in giving an opinion

Article 3
Member Obligations

Members are obliged to:

1. Comply with and implement AD/ART and other provisions outlined by the organisation;
2. Keep a good name of PPI Australia; and
3. Carry out the functions and objectives of PPI Australia.

Article 4
Membership Acceptance and Reports

1. Acceptance and status of ordinary and extraordinary membership is determined by the Branch.
2. The awarding of honorary members will be further regulated by the decision of the General, Chapter or Branch Chairman.
3. Each Branch is required to provide an annual report regarding membership status and the number of members in the relevant Branch to the Chapter and Center at the end of the management period.

Article 5
Termination of Membership

1. A person's membership will be terminated if the person concerned is proven to:
 - a. Violating AD/ART; or
 - b. Active in organisations or other activities that are detrimental to PPI Australia.
2. Termination of membership is decided by a meeting held by the Center, Chapter, or Branch where the member is a member by first giving the person concerned the right to self-defence.
3. A member will automatically no longer be a PPI Australi member if one or more of the conditions below occurs to the person concerned:
 - a. Die; or
 - b. Cease to be a PPI Australia member at self request; or
 - c. Membership status revoked based on Article 5 paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Bylaws.
4. Ordinary Members and Extraordinary Members in particular will automatically no longer be PPI Australia members 6 (six) months after the person concerned is no longer registered at the educational institution where the person concerned is registered as a student.

CHAPTER II

Congress

Article 6

General Election Committee

1. The General Chairman forms a General Election Committee (GEC), which is responsible for holding the Congress 5 (five) months prior to the holding of the Congress;
2. The Congress Committee is formed by deliberation and consensus consisting of representatives from the Center and Chapters.

Article 7

Congress Participants

1. The Congress is attended by official delegates and observers.
2. What is meant by official Centre, Chapters and Branches representatives are representatives of the Center, Chapters and Branches as evidenced by an official certificate issued by the party they represent.
3. An observer is someone who is sent to attend the Congress not as an official representative from the Center, Chapter or Branch as proven by an official certificate issued by the party who sent him.
4. The Center, Chapters and Branches can send a maximum of 5 (five) observers.

Article 8
Voting Rights in Congress

1. Those who have voting rights in Congress are the Center, Chapters, and Branches with a detailed number of voting rights as follows:
 - a. The Center has 1 (one) voting right;
 - b. Each Chapter has 1 (one) voting right; and
 - c. Each Branch has 1 (one) voting right.
2. The rights of official central delegates as Congress participants are not declared invalid even though the central management has been declared missionary.
3. Voting rights can be transferred through a power of attorney and are only valid in that chapter.

Article 9
Voting Rights in the Election of General Chairman

1. All PPI Australia members have voting rights in the election of general chairman at the Congress, with each member having 1 (one) voting right.

Article 10

Establishment of the Congress Presidium

1. The Congress is chaired by a session presidium consisting of 3 (three) people.
2. The election of the presidium of the Congress session is led by the chairman of the temporary session appointed by the Congress committee.
3. The session's presidium is formed, as far as possible, based on deliberation to reach a consensus.
4. If the Congress participants cannot reach an agreement on the formation of a session presidium, the Congress will vote to establish the session presidium with voting rights referring to Article 7 of the Bylaws.

CHAPTER III

Chapter General Meeting

Article 11

1. The Chapter General Meeting is attended by official Chapter, Branch and observer delegates.
2. Official representatives of Chapters and Branches are representatives of Chapters and Branches as evidenced by an official certificate issued by the party they represent.
3. Observers are Ordinary Members, Extraordinary Members and Honorary Members who are present at the Chapter General Meeting and not as official Chapter or Branch delegates.
4. Each Chapter and Branch can send a maximum of 5 (five) official delegates.

Article 12

Voting rights at Chapter General Meetings

1. Those with voting rights at the Chapter General Meeting are official Chapter and Branch delegates, following Article 9 of the Bylaws.
2. Those who have voting rights in the election of the general chairman of the chapter at the Chapter General Meeting are all members of the chapter with each Member having 1 (one) voting right;
3. The rights of official Chapter delegates as participants in the Chapter General Meeting are not declared invalid even though the Chapter management has been declared dismissed.

Article 12

Formation of the Presidium of the Chapter General Meeting

1. The Chapter General Meeting is chaired by a session presidium consisting of 3 (three) people.
2. The election of the presidium of the Chapter General Meeting session is chaired by the interim chairman of the session appointed by the Chapter General Meeting committee.
3. The session's presidium is formed, as far as possible, based on deliberation to reach a consensus.
4. If the Chapter General Meeting participants cannot reach an agreement on the formation of a session presidium, the Chapter General Meeting will vote to establish the session presidium in accordance with the voting rights stated in Article 10.

CHAPTER IV
Branch General Meeting

Article 13

1. The Branch General Meeting is attended by Branch Members.
2. The Branch General Meeting is attended by a minimum of 7 (seven) Ordinary Branch Members.

Article 14

Voting Rights at Branch General Meetings

Each Ordinary and/or Extraordinary Member present at the Branch General Meeting has 1 (one) vote.

Article 15

Formation of Branch General Meeting Leadership

1. The Branch General Meeting is chaired by at least 1 (one) session leader.
2. The election of the chairman of the Branch General Meeting is chaired by a temporary chairman of the session appointed by the Branch General Meeting committee.
3. As far as possible, the session's chairman is selected based on deliberation to reach a consensus.
4. If the Branch General Meeting participants cannot reach an agreement on the election of the session's chairman, the Branch General Meeting will hold a vote to elect the trial's chairman in accordance with the voting rights stated in Article 13.

CHAPTER V

Extraordinary Congress/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Branch General Meeting

Article 16

1. Extraordinary Congress, Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings, or Extraordinary Branch General Meetings can only be conducted if there is an alleged violation of the AD/ART and/or in circumstances considered compelling or emergency.
2. Emergency or compelling situations can be proposed by the Center, Chapters, Branches, Ordinary Members, Extraordinary Members and/or Honorary Members.

Article 17

Procedures for Conducting Extraordinary Congress

1. An Extraordinary Congress can be held based on an initiative supported by half plus 1 (one) of the number of Chapters and Branches.
2. The Extraordinary Congress is carried out similarly to the Congress.

Article 18

Procedures for Conducting Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings

1. An Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting can be conducted based on an initiative supported by half plus 1 (one) of the number of Branches in that Branch.
2. Extraordinary Chapter General Meetings are conducted similarly to Chapter General Meetings.

Article 19

Procedures for Conducting an Extraordinary Branch General Meeting

1. An Extraordinary Branch General Meeting can be conducted based on an initiative supported by half plus 1 (one) of the branch's ordinary members.
2. The Extraordinary Branch General Meeting is conducted similarly to the Branch General Meeting.

CHAPTER VI
General Election Committee

Article 20

1. The election of the general chairman is held by a committee called the General Election Committee (hereinafter referred to as GEC).
2. GEC forms and regulates the management structure internally.
3. GEC members consist of one central and chapter representative with a term of office until the end of the Congress.

Article 21

The duties and functions of the GEC are:

1. Running or implementing the Congress;
2. Each GEC member has one vote to determine the GEC chairman.
3. Develop election regulations;
4. Manage administration; and
5. Conduct the technicalities of selecting the General Chairman in Congress.
6. Ratify the results of the General Chairman election in Congress.

Article 22

Election regulations prepared by the GEC are considered legitimate if approved by at least 50% + 1 of the total number of general chairman, chapter chairmen, and branch chairmen in the official GEC meeting forum.

CHAPTER VII
AD-ART Committee

Article 23
AD-ART Committee

The duties and functions of the AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee are:

1. The AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee was formed to collect and discuss ideas for AD/ART amendment and prepare the AD/ART change draft originating from the Center, Chapters and Branches;
2. The AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee consists of 9 (nine) people representing elements from the Center and Chapters;
3. Each Chapter and Center sends one representative to sit on the AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee;
4. The AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee is formed and begins carrying out its duties no later than 3 (three) months before the Congress with a term of office until the end of the Congress; and
5. The AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee forms and regulates the internal management structure.

Article 24

The duties and functions of the AD/ART Amendment Discussion Committee are:

1. Collect ideas for AD/ART amendment from the Center, Chapters and Branches;
2. Discuss ideas for AD/ART amendment together with the Center, Chapters and Branches before the Congress; and
3. Prepare a draft of AD/ART amendment to be discussed.

CHAPTER VIII
General Chairman

Article 25

1. The General Chairman is elected and appointed for a term of office of 1 (one) year.
2. The General Chairman's accountability report can:
 - a. Accepted, or
 - b. Accepted with a note, or
 - c. Rejected.
3. If the General Chairman's accountability report is received with notes by the Congress/Extraordinary Congress, then the person concerned must act according to the notes provided within the time period determined by the session's presidium.
4. If the General Chairman's accountability report is rejected by the Congress/Extraordinary Congress, the person concerned is not permitted to nominate or be re-nominated as General Chairman and must reconvene the Congress/Extraordinary Congress within the time period determined by the session's presidium.
5. The General Chairman can only be elected for a maximum of 2 (two) periods.
6. The General Chairman has the authority to:
 - a. Make a decision by the General Chairman;
 - b. Develop a Central Organizational Structure;
 - c. Create organisational implementation guidelines;
 - d. Prepare an outline of the organisation's work program; And
 - e. Conduct other activities that do not conflict with AD/ART.

BAB IX
Chapter Chairman

Article 26

1. The Chapter Chairman is elected for a term of office of 1 (one) year.
2. The Chapter Chair's accountability report can:
 - a. Accepted; or
 - b. Accepted with note; or
 - c. Rejected.
3. If the Chapter Chairman's accountability report is received with notes by the Chapter General Meeting/Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting, then the person concerned must do things according to the notes provided within the period given by the session presidium.
4. If the accountability report of the Chapter Chairman is rejected by the Chapter General Meeting or Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting, then the person concerned is not permitted to nominate or be re-nominated as Chapter Chairman and must hold a Chapter General Meeting or Extraordinary Chapter General Meeting again within the specified time period determined by the session's presidium.
5. The Chapter Chairman can only be elected for a maximum of 2 (two) periods.
6. The Chapter Chairman has the authority to:
 - a. Chapter Chairman Decisions;
 - b. Prepare the chapter's organisational structure;
 - c. Create guidelines for the implementation of Chapter organisations;
 - d. Prepare an outline of the Chapter organisation's work program; and
 - e. Carry out other activities that do not conflict with AD/ART.

BAB X
Branch Chairman

Article 27

1. The Branch Chairman is elected for a term of office of 1 (one) year.
2. The branch chairman's accountability report can:
 - a. Accepted; or
 - b. Accepted with note; or
 - c. Rejected.
3. If the branch chair's accountability report is received with notes by the Branch General Meeting or extraordinary Branch General Meeting, then the person concerned must act according to the notes provided within the period given by the session presidium.
4. If the accountability report of the Branch Chair is rejected by the Branch General Meeting or extraordinary Branch General Meeting, then the person concerned is not permitted to nominate or be re-nominated as Branch Chair and must hold a Branch General Meeting or extraordinary Branch General Meeting again within the specified time period, determined by the session's presidium.
5. The Branch Chair can only be elected for a maximum of 2 (two) periods.
6. The Branch Chair has the authority to:
 - a. Create an organisational management structure;
 - b. Create work programs; and
 - c. Carry out other activities that do not conflict with AD/ART.
7. The Branch Chairman has the duty to:
 - a. Socialize PPI Australia to all Indonesian students in the branch and recruit members optimally by collaborating with international offices or other means; and
 - b. Make a list of PPI Australia branch members to be submitted to the Chapter Chairman with a copy to the General Chairman at the beginning of each semester.

CHAPTER XI
Central PPIA Supervisory Board

Article 28

1. The Supervisory Board consists of representatives from each chapter.
2. The Supervisory Board must still be active students at the home campus.
3. The Supervisory Board has legislative and supervisory functions in implementing the management of the Central PPIA.
4. Each member of the Supervisory Board has one vote to determine the chairman of the Supervisory Board.

Article 29

Authority of the Supervisory Board

1. The Supervisory Board has the right to request information from the PPI Australia cabinet regarding the running conditions of the Central PPIA organisation.
2. The Supervisory Board has the authority to investigate violations committed by the Central PPIA.
3. The Supervisory Board has the right to provide suggestions, advice or warnings to the Central PPIA if the organisation is not running correctly, whether requested or not.

CHAPTER XII
Membership Fees and Financial Accountability

Article 30

1. Withdrawal of membership fees can only be made by Branches or Chapters that do not have Branches.
2. Each branch manager is entirely responsible for determining the amount of membership fees and implementing their collection.
3. The Center can obtain funds from Chapters and/or Branches and/or other sources based on agreements with donors and/or fund providers and/or parties invited to collaborate.
4. Chapters can obtain funds from the Center and/or Branches and/or other sources based on agreements with donors and/or fund providers and/or parties invited to collaborate.
5. Branches can obtain funds from the Center and/or Chapters and/or other sources based on agreements with donors and/or fund providers and/or parties invited to collaborate.
6. PPI Australia members must account for the use of funds obtained from contributions and/or donations and/or business results through the appropriate forum as regulated in the Articles of Association and Bylaws.

CHAPTER XIII
Judicial Review

Article 29

1. The review is carried out within 1x5 minutes to review the contents of the PPI Australia Bylaws.

CHAPTER XIV

Closing

Article 30

1. Matters not regulated in the Bylaws will be further regulated through organisational implementation guidelines outlined in a General Chairman's Decree and other legal sources.
2. These Bylaws are effective from the date of stipulation.

Set at approx : 5:14 PM AEST

Set on date : Saturday, 30 November 2024

Set in : Zoom Meeting

First Presidium

Second Presidium

Third Presidium

Muhammad Wildan Farroos

Yahya Zakaria

Erlangga